

	Yes	No
1. To proceed lidocaine infiltration using an insulin needle	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. The anesthetic button is made on intact skin (an area adjacent to the lesion)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. To aspirate completely the contents of Glucantime ampoule (5 ml)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. To introduce the needle from anesthetic button	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. To introduce the needle towards the center of the lesion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Needle inclination tend to be parallel to the base of the lesion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7. To keep the bevel faced up	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8. To move the needle back toward the edge while gently infiltrating the medication	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9. To know saturation as swelling/edema (with or without paleness)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10. To respect the maximum volume of Glucantime allowed	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

FROMME-BOEZAART MODIFIED SCALE	
GRADE 0	No bleeding
GRADE 1	Slight bleeding. No bleeding removed by gauze is required.
GRADE 2	Slight bleeding. Occasional bleeding removed by gauze is required. Bleeding does not threaten lesion site.
GRADE 3	Slight bleeding. Frequent bleeding removed by gauze is required. Bleeding threatens lesion site a few seconds after gauze is removed.
GRADE 4	Moderate bleeding. Frequent bleeding removed by gauze is required. Bleeding threatens lesion site immediately after gauze is removed.
GRADE 5	Severe bleeding. Constant bleeding removed by gauze is required. Bleeding appears faster than can be removed by gauze. Infiltration is not possible.

0-10 Numeric Pain Intensity Scale*

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
No pain Moderate pain Worst possible pain

Checklist used for inspection of intralesional infiltration procedures.